THE DEMOCRAT.

DEVOTED ENTIRELY AND EXCLUSIVELY TO THE INTEREST OF THE PEOPLE.

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PROFESSIONAL.

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GOOD SERVICE MERITS.

The Hastings' Steamboat Company Makes A Fair Business Proposition—They Will Improve Their Service—Several Communications Referred.

The meeting at the chamber of commerce was quite largely attended last Monday evening by representative business men.

The most important matter coming before the meeting was the proposition of the Hastings' Steamboat company, to provide Port Angeles with a better steamboat service. Agreeable to the object Messrs. L. B. and Warren I. Hastings were present as representatives of the Hastings' Steamboat company.

After the preliminary business had been dispensed with the steamboat matter was brought up for discussion. The proposition made was substantially that the Hastings' Steamboat company would place the Garland in daily service, on the Starr schedule, and in addition give Port Angeles a tri-weekly service direct with Seattle, similar to that performed by the Hermosa before her withdrawal, i. e., Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. All that the company requested of the citizens of Port Angeles was that they be accorded fair treatment and the patronage the service merited.

The company proposed fulfilling its promises as soon as the Willipa could be brought around from Portland. The Willipa is a well built vessel about the size of the Hermosa, with the same speed, berths for twenty-seven persons and adequate passenger and freight accommodations for the service.

The question was discussed at considerable length, resulting in the unanimous adoption of a resolution to the effect that if the Hastings' company carries out the proposition, fair treatment and patronage be extended that the service provided by the company deserves.

The following communication was received from the Hatch brothers, relative to the transportation question:

SEATTLE, WASH., Oct. 1, '92.

M. J. CARRIGAN—Secretary Board of Trade—Port Angeles, Wash.—DEAR SIR: Your telegram asking us to have representative present Monday evening, at hand. In reply will say Capt. Hatch will not be back from Olympia till Monday noon, and it is not possible for me to leave the business here. We would gladly be present if we could do so, conveniently, at the same time it is not at all necessary. The merchants and business men of Port Angeles are well acquainted with us both, and know that the steamer Monticello gave them better service than they ever got before from any boat large or small, notwithstanding the fact she had a very unsatisfactory boiler, which we are replacing as fast as men and money can do the work, with the most economical and safe boiler made. With the improvements now in hand she cannot help but discount her previous work. The operating expenses of the Monticello being small (not having to pay any charter money or hire part of her crew) enables us to give you six round trips a week to Seattle, that no other boat can do for the money, except at a loss. We have demonstrated our ability to do this work, and to act in harmony with the development and growth of your city. We have never required any pledges on the part of the business men of Port Angeles, but have always stood upon our merits. And in conclusion let me say that any individual or company if they had a better boat for the route, could manage the business better, wanted to build up your city and give you better transportation than the Monticello is able to do, would not be making any promises but get in and do it. As it is they are trying to sew you up in a sack with fair promises, during our temporary absence, and will drop you overboard as usual when it suits them best. I have too much faith in the business men of Port Angeles, and so has my brother, to believe that they will deprive themselves of honest competition by tying them up to the wishes of any one company and take what they please to give them.

Yours truly,
HATCH BROS.

A communication was received from D. A. Christopher, supervisor of road district No. 27, requesting the co-operation of the board of trade, in urging the completion of the Angeles-Quillayute road. The matter was referred to the proper committee.

A communication was received from D. B. Jackson, manager of the Puget Sound Alaska Steamship company, stating that the Hastings' Steamboat company would furnish the steamboat service demand, otherwise his company would do so.

Quite a number of new members were admitted to membership, and the meeting was throughout interesting and of a profitable nature.

COUNTY NEWS.

Interesting Paragraphs From the County Press.

Port Crescent Leader.

Mr. Carl Oberg came in from the hot springs last week, having been taking a month's treatment of the steaming water for the benefit of his health. He says that the springs have great curative properties for rheumatic affections. Mr. Oberg is enthusiastic over the prospect of a road from Beaver to Lake Crescent and says that all the settlers in his neighborhood are anxious to get an outlet to the lake as soon as possible and he believes a large proportion of the travel will take that route as it has no hills or swamps to cross. Mr. Oberg has a fine prairie farm.

***

Messrs. John W. Everett and John W. Thompson have just completed the viewing of the route for a new county road seven miles in length, beginning near the residence of Mr. James Clark. A great deal of difficulty was experienced in locating the starting point, as it was in the interior of a section, making it necessary to survey two whole sections in order to determine the beginning corner.

***

The Indians returning from hop picking report small earnings on account of the devastations of the hop louse.

***

Hall & Bishop's logging camp shut down on Monday for the season, the rains have made the roads too wet for work.

***

The Garland on Monday had in tow the Quillayute Indians Willie Willissa. The speed of the steamer made the stern of the canoe sink low in the water, but the Indians had an unusually good rudder and appeared to enjoy the situation and were the envy of their "tillicums" who were camped on the beach here waiting for the storm to pass.

***

Clallam Bay Record:

R. T. Smith has had a petition in circulation for the past day or two, asking the county commissioners to appropriate $500 for the improvement of a road from Clallam Bay to the Hoko river, two miles. This is the beginning of the county road surveyed and accepted from the bay to Quillayute. The improvement is badly needed and we hope the commissioners will grant the appropriation.

***

William B. Gould, the Democratic candidate for sheriff is very favorably spoken of here and elsewhere throughout the west end. He has proved himself a most efficient officer during his present term and the people are in favor of retaining good men in office.

***

Government Inspector Ide has completed the inspection of all the townships at the west end of the county surveyed last year. Early next year these townships will likely be accepted and as settlers get titles to their claims we may look for prosperous times here.

***

The late rains have raised the Clallam river considerably and brought down a lot of logs. The river is now clear for a mile or two and it is likely logging will begin and the mill start up again soon.

***

We are promised a colony of ten or twelve families here soon from Spokane county, who are coming to get land and settle here permanently. Settlers are needed in this part of the county and all will be welcome.

***

Good progress is being made on the extension of the East Clallam wharf, which, when completed will be a substantial improvement to the town.

***

Dungeness Beacon.

The proposition of Judge Lane to reduce the expenses of the office one-half, if elected to the office of superior judge, is worthy the consideration of the people.

***

It is rumored that the Schome or North Pacific will be placed on this route by the Hastings company.

***

Dungeness will soon boast of a new hall for public purposes that will be sufficiently large to accommodate any gathering. Lumber is now being loaded at Angeles for this purpose and will arrive here in a few days. The building will be 30x80, with a fine floor especially adapted for dancing. It will be erected on Groveland avenue at once.

***

Mr. Harry Hoffman had a drove of sheep stolen last week, which he has been unable to recover. The sheep were seen near Blyn a few days ago and it is supposed they were driven through to Townsend.

TRUTH RISES SUPREME

And Proves the Utter Falsity of Mr. Hoole's

GARBLED STATEMENTS

Of the Condition of County Finances—A Review of County Finances that Should be Read by Every Voter in the County.

A time was in the political arena when slight of hand and ledger demain on the forum and through the press had an influnce on the voter. But that was a time when the people were not generally posted on public affairs.

Strange as it might seem the people of Clallam county are being treated to one of these old time campaigns in this county at the present time.

The great actor is W. R. Hoole, Republican nominee for representative. Mr. Hoole, realizes that the Republican party will be held responsible for the present administration of county affairs, so he enters into a labored defense of the last board of county commissioners and attacks the Democrat platform and in doing so, his stock in trade seems to be this old time stump ledger demain.

The masterly manner in which Mr. Hoole has garbled his array of figures can be understood by the following review of each point made in the speech he is delivering throughout Clallam county. It will be seen that in every instance where Mr. Hoole resorts to figures he tells only a half truth, which has been characterized as the worst kind of lying.

The following carefully prepared review of Mr. Hoole's speech can be read with profit:

I

Mr. Hoole first accuses the Democrats with misrepresenting the condition of affairs in claiming the debt of Clallam county to be only $10,000.00 when the present administration took charge of the affairs of the county. He then reads a certificate from Deputy Treasurer John D. Hickok, which shows that the total outstanding indebtedness at that time was $23,754.88.

Mr. Hoole, purposely, undoubtedly, neglects to get Mr. Hickok to certify to the amount of available funds in the county treasury, which was over $13,000, and which, when credit is taken, reduces the debt of Clallam county on January 17, 1891—five days after the present administration came into power—to just $10,028.62 just as set forth in the Democratic county platform.

II

Mr. Hoole defends the present board of county commissioners and protests against its being called an extravagant one. He admits that $38,000 warrants have been issued on the county fund, but against this he claims a credit for $10,000 court expenses, which claim though our court has been extravagant, is somewhat high. After deducting another credit for bills created by the old board of $3,000, which is too high by about a third, Mr. Hoole goes to show that this board has not been so extravagant as its immediate predecessor, which he claims issued $34,000.00 county warrants.

Now a half truth is the worst kind of a lie. Why did Mr. Hoole not go into details more fully? Why did he not explain that a great deal of the expense of the board was for court expenses also? Why did he not explain that under the system which the new board has adopted warrants are drawn on four different funds to-wit: General county, general road, bridge and salary—while all expenses incurred under the old board was on the one county fund?

The fact is, while the total warrants issued by the old board of county commissioners was $34,000, $18,081.23 of which was for work done on the Dungeness-Port Angeles road by W. C. Williams and by Anthony O'Brien and W. H. Carey leaving the total running expenses of the county for two years, including a great deal of road work, about $16,000.

Now, on the other hand, the present board has issued warrants as follows:

County fund.....	$39,394.31
Bridge fund.....	5,506.03
Road fund.....	13,997.55
Salary fund.....	22.267.60

Making the total amount of warrants issued by the present administration, $81,165.49. This is without taking into consideration the road bonds for the Burlingame canal.

From this it would probably be fair to take the fees collected by the county offices, which amount to$10.391.65. This will leave a net expense of $70,773.84 for twenty-one months as compared with $31,000 for the whole of the last administration or deducting the warrants issued for road and bridge purposes from both amounts the figures show the sum of $51,270.26 expended by the present administration for the ordinary running expenses of the county for twenty-one months against less than $16,000 expended for the same purpose by the last administration during the entire period of two years.

Mr. Hoole asserts that in this time the business has increased 200 per cent. If this is true the people would like to know why, and what kind of business?

III.

Mr. Hoole furnishes a fair sample of his accrobatic feats by claiming in his speeches in the east end that that portion of the county had received its proportion of the work done on county roads, while in the west end he boasts that nearly all the funds expended were for the west end—Beaver in particular.

IV.

Mr. Hoole very glibly runs over the expenses of the auditor's office and at length sets forth the work done in that office. He claims that 5,000 instruments have been filed for record. These he estimates at ten folios each, which would be 50,000 folios, for which he should charge 20 cents per folio, or $10,000. Then he is required, by law, to charge 10 cents for filing each instrument, which would be $500 more, or $10,500 for recording fees.

Then again the county auditor receives 75 cents for issuing ordinary licenses, $3 for marriage licenser, 20 cents per folio for transcripts of record, 50 cents for certifying to any fact, 25 cents for administering oaths, but on the other hand the auditor has only turned into the treasurer $5,944.45 in this term. If the work has been done as alleged by Mr. Hoole, what has become of the $7,000 or $8,000 that is unaccounted for?

V.

Mr. Hoole mistakes the facts when he asserts that the auditor's office cost over $5,000 a year during the administration of Hon. Smith Troy. It is true, the gross receipts of the office for 1890 were nearly $5,000. This was during the real estate boom, when more recording was done than during any one year, in and during that year there was three elections held in Clallam county, entailing a large expense on the county.

Again, the county auditor then retained the cash fees paid, so the expense to the county was but little over $1,000 per year.

The present system was adopted for economy's sake, but it does not seemingly economize.

Mr. Hoole asserts that it has cost but $30 more than fees collected per year to run the auditor's office, while his official report published June 30th shows that he had turned into the treasurer $3.882.10 and that the total expense of the auditor's office was $4,939.02—a difference of $1,056.92, against the county of course.

VI.

Mr. Hoole attempts to show that the Democratic candidate for county auditor could not fulfil the pledges of his platform if elected. This is not correct. The Democratic platform pledges the county auditor to run his office on $2,400 per year over his salary, a saving of the deputy and clerk work of $1,839,02 as per the auditor's statement.

Arrant Humbug.

Politicians and the rest of mankind are beginning to discover that hard times in the West, in Texas and other Southern States are due mainly to the bear effect of the McKinley tariff on the market for raw cotton. Just now the shoe pinches the cotton-grower. Before long it will begin to pinch the protected manufacturers who look for a profitable market in the South for their manufactured goods. Then the protected manufacturers will find out that McKinley and his tariff are arrant humbugs. The same enlightenment is going to dawn on the protected manufacturers who have been trying to impoverish the west in the effort to hold on to its "home market."—St. Louis Republic.

Beacon:

It was with pleasure that we viewed the arrangements of the county auditor's office last Monday morning. Mr. W. R. Hoole, with the efficient assistance of his estimable wife and sister-in-law and brother-in-law, is conducting the affairs of that office in a very business-like manner.—Dungeness Beacon.

Blessings of Protection.

The number of persons employed under the McKinley bill at under $5 a week amounted last year to 46,792 in the protected industries of the single state of Massachusetts. The figures are official and direct from the records.—St. Louis Republic.

A new post office has been established at Thomas McNeel's place, nine miles west of Dungeness. McNeel is the name of the post office and Mr. McNeel is the postmaster.

Every person living within the city limits who has not already done so, must register at the city clerk's office, or he will not be entitled to vote at the general election in November.

Will taxpayers meekly submit to the excessive expenditure of public funds of the present Republican administration?

Subscribe for THE DEMOCRAT, terms $2.00 per year.

THE DEMOCRAT.

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JOHN W. TROY.....Editor

FOR PRESIDENT,
GROVER CLEVELAND.

VICE-PRESIDENT,
ADLAI E. STEVENSON.

STATE TICKET.

Presidential Electors:
FRANKLIN D. ARNOLD, Hoquiam, Chehalis county.
LOUIS K. CHURCH, Everett, Snohomish county.
LEW H. PLATTOR, Spokane, Spokane county.
JOHN W. STEARNS, Tekoa, Whitman county.

Governor:
H. J. SNIVELY, North Yakima, Yakima county.

Lieutenant Governor:
HENRY C. WILLISON, Port Townsend, Jefferson county.

Congressmen:
THOMAS CARROLL, Tacoma, Pierce county.
JAMES A. MUNDAY, Vancouver, Clarke county.

Judges of the Supreme Court:
W. H. BRINKER, South Bend, Pacific county.
EUGENE K. HANNA, Colfax, Whitman county.

Secretary of State:
JOHN M'REAVY, Union City, Mason county.

Treasurer of State:
HARRISON CLOTHIER, Mount Vernon, Skagit county.

Auditor of State:
SAMUEL BASS, New Whatcom Whatcom county.

Attorney General:
R. W. STARR, Waterville, Douglas county.

Superintendent of Public Instruction:
J. H. MORGAN, Ellensburg, Kittitas county.

Commissioner of Public Lands:
DR. F. S. LEWIS, Port Angeles, Clallam county.

State Printer:
JOSEPH A. BORDEN, Spokane, Spokane county.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Superior Judge,
L. M. LANE.
For Representative,
CHARLES E. MALLETTE.
For County Auditor,
JOHN W. TROY.
For County Attorney,
D. W. BRYAN.
For Sheriff,
W. B. GOULD.
For County Clerk,
A. A. RICHARDSON.
For Treasurer,
M. J. CLUMP.
For County Surveyor,
E. A. FITZHENRY.
For Superintendent of Schools,
LENA WILCOX.
For County Assessor,
W. M. REDWINE.
For Coroner,
DR. I. R. HERRICK.
For County Commissioners,
1st District, JAMES B. DICK.
2nd District, ROBERT N. WILSON.
3rd District, HANS HANSEN.

AN industrial boom is what Port Angeles most needs.

A VOTE for the Democratic ticket is a vote against excessive expenditures of public funds.

AND Florida declares for Cleveland and reform. It is a tidal of reform that will sweep the country from Maine to California.

THE Democracy of Clallam is pledged to an economical administration of county affairs. Do taxpayers believe such reform necessary?

THOROUGH, efficient management of public affairs is not characterized by reckless extravagance and excessive expenditures of public funds.

A VOTE for the Democratic candidates for the legislature is a vote against the oppressive tax collection law passed by the late Republican legislature. Will you condemn such vicious legislature?

THE city of "free homes" is the observed of all observers. The eyes of thousands of people are turned to the city at the gate of Pacific's inland sea.

The present county administration has recklessly squandered the people's money. The party responsible for this misuse of public trust, asks that its administration be endorsed. Does it deserve to be voter?

ANY man who willfully distorts and misstates facts is unworthy public trust. Honesty and reliability are absolute to good government. If a candidate for public office lacks these traits of character, you should think twice before you cast a ballot for him.

EVERY qualified voter within the city limits must register with the city clerk, otherwise he will be barred from voting at the general election in November. The registration law requires that in towns or voting precincts where there are 250 or more voters, registration books must be opened each year where each and every voter must be registered. So do not labor under the impression, that because you registered last you will be entitled to vote this year, as you will not. See to it then that you are properly registered.

JUDGE GREPHAM one of the ablest, most prominent and notable characters in the Republican party, has publicly declared himself in favor of the election of Grover Cleveland. So have Wayne McVeagh and Judge Cooley. These gentlemen represent the better thought of Americanism. They have not been Republicans from a selfish motive. They were Republicans because they believed that that party represented more fully a government of and by the people. But they see the party drifting to centralization; affording protection to the few; discriminating against the masses; legislating for the classes; representing plutocracy. In these demoralizing influences they see the overthrow of the Republican and the creation of a party the principles of which will be inimical to free government.

As patriots, as men who love their country, reverence its institutions, they see their duty clearly outlined. The hour of duty, the hour of action has arrived. And a brave, courageous man will never shirk his duty.

PATRIOTISM OF HOME.

Of all grand impulses, the noblest, most lofty sentiment is that of patriotism of home.

A community that has been honored by one of the great political parties according recognition to one of its citizens on the state ticket, and does not show just and adequate appreciation of the honor conferred, would indeed, be extremely undeserving.

Clallam county has been honored by the Democratic party of the state of Washington. It has been accorded a position on the state ticket, in the person of Dr. F. S. Lewis, who received the nomination for state land commissioner.

Will the citizens of the county signify in a positive, and in a decided manner that they deserve the recognition accorded them?

THE DEMOCRAT believes that they will.

The Democratic candidate for state land commissoner, is also Clallam county's candidate.

This is a fact every voter should bear in mind when he casts his ballot on the 8th day of next November.

Citizens should place themselves on record as being loyal to their home.

Serve first your country. Then let your thought be of home and of home interests.

It is an opportunity to demonstrate beyond a question of doubt, that when it comes to an example of patriotism of home, citizens of Clallam county, can furnish it in a manner worthy the highest type of citizenship.

REBUKE OR REWARD?

Two years ago voters were beseeched to support the Republican candidates throughout the state for the legislature, for the reason the Republican press gave at that time of electing a United States Senator.

They did so.

They have now reaped the fruits of their folly.

The disgraceful proceeding which insued there in the election of a senator, is still fresh in the memory of the people.

What should be under any and all circumstances a dignified, temperate assembly, was turned into a veritable pandemonium.

Honor and respectability were cast to the four winds, and under the leadership and the corrupting influence of boodler McGraw, a scene was enacted that would even pale into utter insignificance the corruption and debauchery rampant during the historic period that witnessed the overthrow of the Roman Empire.

Censured by the press, condemned by the people, dissevered from any ties with honor, loyalty and patriotism, the actions of the members were unministakably characterized with dishonesty and viciousness throughout the entire session. Many of the men elected were pledged to the support of Senator Squire. while others went there unpledged.

Senator Squire was perfectly satisfied with his job, and was bound to be reelected no matter at what cost.

He succeeded, and it is estimated that it cost him at least $100,000.

Immediately following this disgraceful proceeding there came over the people of the state a strong desire for a law that would provide for the election of a United States Senator by popular vote.

And is it any wonder?

This is not by any means all the mischief done by the members of that legislature.

Among other iniquities, it is responsible for the defeat of the anti-Pinkerton, the Wasson railroad bill regulating traffic rates in the state, and the passage of the oppressive tax law now in force in the state. That's the record the Republican party of the state of Washington is responsible for.

What do yon think of it voters? Does that party deserve rebuke or reward?

This review does not include the scandals of which that session was so prolific.

You of course have heard of the school book bribery, the Sachs' impeachment trial, and other acts of misadministration? Then the squandering of public funds.

Even Mr. McGraw found it necessary to apologize for Republican extravagance, in his recent public address in this city.

Does it deserve rebuke or reward?

ONE DEMAND OF THE HOUR.

Doubtless much of a material nature is being accomplished for the advancement of Port Angeles, yet there is an apathy and an indifference manifested in the direction of the establishment of industries that will create a permanent pay roll, that must be overcome before this city can enter upon that period of continued prosperity that only comes with the existence of productive institutions.

While Port Angeles is as prosperous and its growth during the present year as marked as any of the Puget Sound towns, these conditions are rather the result of an increase in population, than the expansion of industrial interests.

Above all else Puget Sound needs industrial growth.

The essential resources absolute to great prosperity exist here in inexhaustible quantities.

But they must be utilized.

American genius the envy, the wonder, and the admiration of the civilized world, has here a grand field for the full display of this endowment.

During a period of speculative excitement little thought is given to the material interests of a community.

Frequently, too, the results of speculation are most baneful, disastrous, and demoralizing.

Property has but one material value.

That is its productive capacity.

An era of speculation that does not result in the laying of a productive foundation, invariably ends in great financial distress.

Intelligent thought and concerted action should be given to the industrial demands of Port Angeles.

ANNUAL MEETING

Of the Puget Sound Co-Operative Colony —Trustees Elected.

The sixth annual meeting of the stockholders of the Puget Sound Co-operative Colony was held in the company's office on October 3d, for the election of a full board of trustees and general business. The board of trustees, composed of A. Anderson, G. F. Haines, J. E. Krueger, F. S. Lewis, Thos. Malony, E. B. Mastick, Jr., Geo. W. Meagher, Robt. Shields, L. D. Stewart, J. W. Stewart and Fred R. Thompson, who have served in that capacity for the past four years, was reelected by a unanimous vote.

The board organized on Monday evening by selecting the following as the officers of the company: President, Thos. Malony; vice-president, Fred R. Thompson; secretary, J. E. Krueger; treasurer, Geo. W. Meagher.

From the annual reports of the officers of this company, we glean the following:

Capital stock, fully paid	$60,000.00
Expended in improvements	4,742.50
Taxes paid	3,839.26
Paid in discounts and interest	4,882.03
Received in same	2,338 33
Paid in salaries, regular employees	6,020.00
Paid for merchandise	54,616.94
Merchandise sold	44,896.47
Received in cash, all sources	38,909.78
Paid out in cash	38,795.70

Notwithstanding the great depression of the past two years it has managed, so the reports show, to keep its finances in pretty fair shape, and while no great profit for the amount of business done can be shown, yet no serious loss has occurred.

An open account, largely from sales of lumber during the past two years to squatters on the reserve, of $21,953.23, would indicate that several points have been strained in favor of the home builder, and risks that are certainly of a doubtful character, amounting to nearly $4,000 of the above "open account," have been taken with the certain knowledge that no direct returns would ever be realized, but with the knowledge that every home, be it ever so humble, was so much towards making Port Angeles the favorite of all home-seekers.

The conservative as well as the aggressive management of this company during the past four years has given it a credit among the financial concerns of the state, second to no other concern of like capital. It is now, and has for several years past, been conducted upon strictly business principles, and the re-election of its general officers for another term indicates that no change from this course is desired or even contemplated.

We are informed by the president of the company, Thos. Malony, that it will gradually dispose of its real estate holdings and eventually direct its efforts towards increasing the lumber industries in this place.

The shingle mill enterprise, so much talked about during the year is gradually assuming such proportions as will justity the company to commence its business in that line in the near future.

A sash and door factory is also among the probabilities, and estimates of the cost of the machinery required, and some proof of the probable returns, are now being put in shape.

This is also the case with tubs and pails, with boxes and other wooden articles, the raw materials of which exists in such great abundance at our very doors.

The welfare of the company is so greatly dependent upon the general welfare of the county and city that it may always be depended upon to do its part in building up and advancing the material interests of both.

ANOTHER DIVISION

Will Leave Michigan to Join Soldier Colony November 10th.

Secretary M. J. Carrigan, of the board of trade received a letter Wednesday from Major R. R. Harding, of this city, who is now in Michigan in the interest of the Michigan Soldier Colony Association. The letter was sent from Saginaw, the head quarters of Major Harding. The writer speaks most encouragingly of the enthusiastic interest manifested there in the colony enterprise.

He has already visited a large number of posts in the state, and is constantly in receipt of numerous communications from various posts, sons of veterans, extending pressing invitations to visit them and give the information at his command of Port Angeles and Clallam county.

Arrangements are being made for the departure of a train with from 400 to 700 colonists on or about November 10th. That will be followed later on by another train load of soldiers.

The Canadian, Northern and Union Pacific railways authorizes him to make such arrangements as he deems proper and they will carry out their part of the program. These companies also agree to provide a sleeper for every twenty persons.

Mr. Harding has had prepared thousands of circulars accurrately and concisely setting forth the opportunites, advantages and material resources of this city and county and is having them scattered broad cast throughout the entire state of Michigan.

The time is very opportune for the success of the colony scheme, as the principal industry of Michigan—lumber—is rapidly waning, and will within a few years be about entirely consumed. consequently the desire of these to emigrate to a country affording the material opportunities Michigan was in earlier days so richly blessed with.

The first train with colonists will be started from Saginaw about the 16th of this month, althought it is not expected that any great number will leave until after the November election.

Thomas Carroll, Democratic candidate for representative to congress, will address the citizens of Port Angeles, on the issues of the campaign, at the opera house, Monday evening, October 17th inst.

An administration that will ruthlessly squander public funds, should be repudiated.

One of the fundamental principles of good government, is economy. Has the present administration practiced it?

THE DEMOCRAT reproduces statements from the county records regarding the expenditure of public funds. An article appears this week upon this important question. You should read it, taxpayer.

THE DEMOCRAT is one of the few journals of the state that has unreservedly and unequivocally condemned the present iniquitous tax law. It was passed by a Republican legislature. It must be repealed by a Democratic legislature.

The Republican candidate for governor, John H. McGraw, stated in his Port Angeles address, that if the next state legislature passed anti-Pinkerton bill, he would not veto it. How considerate. Come to think of it, however, if the people really are sincere in their demand for this reform, they will have to elect a Democratic legislature, as they can hope for no relief from the Republican party. Then in the event (the good Lord fordid it) of Mr. McGraw's election, he will be afforded the privilege, if not pleasure, of signing such a bill.

Mr. Snively will address the citizens of Port Angeles, on the issues of the campaign, on Monday evening, Oct. 24th.

Democratic candidate for governor. H. J. Snively, will address the citizens of Port Angeles, on the political issues of the day, on Monday evening, October 24th.

SHOULD an administration responsible for reckless expenditures of prblic funds; needless and unnecessary deputy clerk hire in county offices; the passage of a vicious and expensive tax collection law; a law providing for Pinkerton detectives; failure to provide legislation against excessive railroad traffic rates, be endorsed? The Republican party in the state has been weighed in the balance. And it has has been found woefully wanting. The duty before you, voter, is to rebuke such glaring unfaithfulness.

A Valuable Foundling.

At the railway station of Fuente-Palmera, near the town of Ecija, in Andalusia, a man whose face was half concealed in a slouched hat approached the station master and handed him a box and an open letter. Then the mysterious individual went away. The official read the letter, which was without signature. It simply informed him that he had just received a present. He immediately opened the box, and was astonished to find that it contained a newborn baby, richly clad. A switchman who was present took pity on the little thing and offered to adopt it then and there, and the station master was glad to get rid of it. The switchman took it home to his wife. She was delighted with the present, and while undressing it a letter fell out of its clothing upon the floor.

This, like the one which the station master received, was also without signature. It was as follows: "Whoever takes this child and cares for it will be happy." When the good woman's surprise was over she resumed the work of undressing the baby. During the operation a heap of bank notes fell from its clothing upon the floor. Husband and wife carefully picked up the notes and counted them. They footed up the handsome sum of 125,000 francs. Now the station master wants that baby, or rather that money, but the switchman won't give it to him, and a suit is pending in the Spanish courts.—San Francisco Bulletin.

Some "Old Iron" from Cuba.

Two very rusty and very ancient looking cannon, which look as if they had been buried several centuries, were taken off a freight train at the Fort Wayne depot yesterday. They were unmounted and were boxed up carefully. The two pieces were consigned to the World's fair and listed in the way bill sent to the custom house as "scrap iron." This "scrap iron" came all the way from Cuba and goes to make up what will probably be one of the most interesting exhibits at the World's Columbian exposition.

The two old cannon were secured by a United States naval officer detailed on World's fair service on the site of an old abandoned Spanish fort on one of the West India islands. It was on this island which history and tradition says the son of Christopher Columbus built a fort to repel invaders, and the two cannon were said to have been part of the armament of the fort. The guns were made in Spain and brought over in one of the vessels attached to the great navigator's fleet. The valuable relics will probably be a part of the government exhibit at the fair.—Chicago Times.

Treatment for Overheated Horses.

Dr. Zuill says he believes that in most cases horses are exhausted from brutal indifference on the part of the driver more than from ignorance. On hot days he says horses should be watered at short intervals with all the water they will drink, and their heads frequently bathed with cold water. If the horse appears to be much exhausted fifteen or twenty minutes' rest in a shady place will often afford sufficient relief. If at the end of this time evidence of exhaustion continues, nothing will give more prompt or efficient relief than to bathe the entire body with water. In more extreme cases, when the exhaustion is complete, the animal must be secured so as to prevent him from injuring himself until he can be removed in an ambulance, and in the meantime ice should be applied to his head and ice water to his body to reduce the temperature. Stimulants in the form of alcohol are indicated, but should be used with the greatest care, and always under the supervision of a veterinary surgeon.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Relief Map of New York State.

One of the important exhibits of this state at the World's fair will be a relief map showing each city, village and entire canal system, the rivers, churches, institutions of learning, etc. The canal system, Niagara falls, Hudson river, etc., will be conventionalized. The county lines will be defined, the heights of mountains above the sea level and bodies of water will be accurately shown. The map will be on the scale of one mile to the inch, and will enable the observer at a glance to see the topography and geography of the state.—Albany Journal.

A Sure Cure for Bad Sons.

An Armenian woman was arrested at Angora a few days ago on the charge of having poisoned her son, Artin, a young man about thirty years of age. At the examination the woman made full avowals, declaring that she had taken the life of her son because she could no longer stand his misconduct. The woman was afterward subjected to a medical inspection, the physician declaring that she was not suffering from mental derangement.—Levant Herald.

An Iceboat Run by Steam.

An iceboat of new design is to be tried next winter. It is well known that the ordinary iceboat is entirely dependent on the wind, but the new vessel carries a steam attachment which renders it entirely independent of that source of motion. The craft is of the usual iceboat form, but is provided with a small boiler carrying 250 pounds pressure of steam and a small engine working on a pair of cogged drivers. — Milwaukee Wisconsin.

An enterprising New Yorker, temporarily sojourning in England, has just published a "Guide Book to the Haunted Houses of London." There are over 1,000 houses so designated in the great metropolis.

The most expensive municipal hall in the world and the largest in the United States is the city building of Philadelphia. The largest clock in the world is to be in its tower.

On a small twig recently broken off from an apple tree near Gainesville, Ga., there were twenty-six apples the size of a large hickory nut.

A Japanese Anniversary.

This year being the 1,100th anniversary of the Emperor Kwammu's establishing his capital at Kioto, Japan, the people are busy preparing for a suitable celebration of the occasion. Kioto city was founded by the Emperor Kwammu, who took up his abode in Yamashiro province, which was then unbuilt, and gradually the city arose around his palace, so that the emperor's memory is especially honored. There will probably be an exhibition opened in Kioto for the occasion.—San Francisco Call.

ATTENTION STUDENTS!

Do you wish to fit for college, or to secure a good Academic education, Puget Sound Academy at Coupeville is well equipped for such work.

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A Specialty Made of Children's Clothing and Ladies' Tailoring.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

PATRONIZE
White Labor!!
AT THE
Port Angeles
Steam Laundry.
Bradford & Co.

THE DEMOCRAT.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1892.

IN THE COURTS.

Grindings of the Superior Court During the Week.

SUPERIOR BRIEFS.

Lydia Hamilton vs. Fletcher Hamilton. Decree of divorce entered.

D. W. Bryan made final proof on preemption for the N ½ NW ¼, NW ¼ NE ¼, section 15, township 30 north, range 8 west.

John Fisher, a native of England, declared his intention of becoming a citizen of the United States.

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

There will be public speaking at the Opera House, Monday evening, Oct. 17th, by the Hon. Thos. Carrol, Democratic candidate for congress, and the following candidates on the Democratic state ticket: Dr. H. C. Williams, Lieutenant-Governor; Attorney General Stone; State Auditor Bass and Land Commissioner Lewis.

Song service at the Congregational church Sunday evening.

There was a social at the Methodist church this week.

The county commissioners are in special session. The board is considering road and bridge matters, and transacting such other pressing business as may appear before them.

Capt. Gilmore, late commander, of the steamship Michigan, arrived in this city Wednesday to pilot the steamer Bailey Gatzert around to Portland. An unsuccessful attempt was made last week to reach the Columbia river, but owning to the unfavorable weather it was decided advisable to return. The steamer left Wednesday evening.

Quite a number of buildings are under construction at Groveland.

The funeral of the late J. W. Weir was held at the family residence last Monday.

Rev. H. C. Watson, of Seattle, pastor of the Episcopal church, of that city, arrived here Thursday afternoon to remain over Sunday. He will occupy the pulpit of the Episcopal church of this city next Sunday.

Rev. T. B. Ford, D. D., of Seattle, will preach in the First Methodist Episcopal church on Sunday, October 9th, morning and evening. Young peoples' mass meeting at 3 p. m. Communion service at the close of the evening service. The public are cordially invited.

Mr. W. H. Smythe, the florist, has been engaged during the past few days, sitting out flowers, plants and shubbery in the Board of Trade park Mr. Smyth is doing the work in a very tasteful, skillful and attractive manner.

The council passed the following resolution at the Wednesday evening meeting: That after a full and careful examination of the assessment of First street special assessment district, and the benefits accrued to the abbuting property thereon, a levy of 0.658 of a mill on the dollar be made on the valuation of said abutting property.

The council held a special meeting Thursday evening and transacted some unfinished business.

The Democrats are holding rousing meetings in the western portion of the county.

Warriner E. Smith, county surveyer, who has charge of the government survey of the Quinault and Neah Bay Indian reservations, arrived in town Wednesday from Neah Bay. Mr. Smith says the work being prosecuted will be finished by the first of November. These reservations are being surveyed into ten acre tracts, after which the government will deed in severality to the Indians, each his respective portion and the remainder will doubtless be thrown open to settlement. For the most part the land of the Quinault reservation is unproductive, while a large area of the Neah Bay reservation is exceedingly fertile.

PERSONAL.

Attorney Tyler, of Port Townsend, was a visitor to Port Angeles this week.

Mr. Geo. G. McNamara, of Port Townsend, was a visitor to Port Angeles this week. Mr. McNamara is an old mining expert, and will make an analysis of ore found in the mountain region south of Port Angeles.

Mr. Chas. Bailey, assessor of Jefferson county, spent several days in Port Angeles this week.

Mr. Fred Lamoreux, returned Saturday from a trip to the Quillayute country.

Mr. James Jones, Canadian Pacific Railway agent at Port Townsend, is in the city.

Warren I. Hastings, attorney-at-law, of Port Townsend, was in town last Monday.

Mr. Allen of the Port Angeles Real Estate & Trust Company, arrived from Portland Wednesday.

During Col. Feighan and Judge Blake's visit to Port Angeles, last Wednesday, they were driven round the city and expressed themselves as delighted with the beautiful scenery and commanding situation of Port Angeles.

Mr. D. R. Dwyer. of San Francisco, formerly of Port Angeles, is in the city, Mr. Dwyer is still a firm, enthusiastic believer in Port Angeles.

Judge Lane, Hans Hansen. J. B. Dick, M. J. Clump, A. A. Richardson, C. E. Mallette and other prominent Democrats left Monday for the Quillayute country. They were joined by Messrs. Wm. B. Gould and John W. Troy, Tuesday. They will make a through canvass of the western portion of the country.

Mrs. L. H. Smith, and Mrs. John F. Church, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Sheldon of Tatoosh Island.

Dr. F. S. Lewis, Democratic candidate for state land commissioner, left for Chehalis where he will deliver a polical address. Mr. Lewis will doubtless make a canvass of Lewis county, extending his compaigning tour to eastern Washington.

Mr. Ed. Burlingame, the famous county road contractor, was in town Monday, leaving on the Garland for East Clallam.

Mr. Ben T. Smith returned from San Francisco last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Church, of Dungeness, were in town Wednesday.

Mrs. J. B. and Miss Dick, of Dungeness, were in this city Monday.

Mr. E. B. Mastick, jr., of Junction City, was in town this week.

Mrs. B. F. Schwartz went to Seattle Thursday afternoon.

Thos. Malony went to Tacoma Tuesday, on a brief business trip.

Mr. Dill Stage, of Port Angeles, has been engaged by Messrs. Davies & Hunter as a sawyer in the mill, and arrived with his wife Wednesday.—Blaine Journal.

Capt. Greenleaf, of Seattle, arrived in town Tuesday.

The Rev. W. W. and Mrs. Ferrier arrived from Seattle Tuesday. Mrs. Ferrier has just returned from a visit at her old home in Indiana, and is accompanied by her sister.

Councilman Peterson contemplates a prolonged visit to Chicago within a few months.

Mr. H. B. Lamoreux, of Beaver, was in town Wednesday en route for Fairhaven, where he will accept a position in the First National Bank.

L. B. Hastings, manager of the Hastings Steamboat Company, was in town Monday on business connected with his company.

ARRESTED FOR HORSE STEALING.

There Appearing Insufficient Evidence Prisoners Were Released.

A complaint of a very serious nature was filed last Monday in the court of Justice of the Peace Burnside, by W. Fogle, a farmer in the Dungeness district, charging two well known young men with the crime of horse stealing.

Upon the sworn statement of Fogle, warrants were immediately issued for the arrest of T. G. Morehouse and Don Cramer, and subpoenas for Zeke Paine and J. W. Griffiths, these instruments being placed in the hands of Deputy Sheriffs Dedman and Ritchie for service. The deputies left town for the east end of the county immediately, and returned Tuesday at noon with the prisoners, who experienced no trouble in obtaining bondsmen for their appearance the following day before the court.

The case was promptly called at 1 o'clock, the charge against Morehouse being the first to be tried. After the examination of four witnesses—two more having been subpoenaed by Deputy Ritchie at the request of the prosecution—Judge Burnside declined to give a decision, and refused the motion of F. O. Lamoreux for a dismissal of the case, who stated that the prosecution, by the evidence, had failed to connect Morehouse with the crime in any way.

The case was continued until Thursday, when a trial by jury was held, the prisoners having been released upon their own recognizance.

From the evidence given by the witnesses the merits of the case are about as follows:

Last Friday night a party of young men, among whom were Morehouse and Cramer, were an their way to a dance given by Thomas Heard at his ranch. While walking along the road two horses were noticed. Two of the party seeing the horses and feeling that riding was a less laborious mode of locomotion than walking, jumped astride the horses and road to the dance, when the horses were immediately turned loose, the riders thinking they would return to their owner, but in this they reck'd not well, for, instead of returning to the bountiful hay-stacks of Fogle, they sought pasture in the neighborhood of Herman Sindars on Sequim prarie, which explains why the diligent search of Fogle during Sunday bore no fruit.

Thursday morning the prosecuting attorney not appearing, the case was dismissed.

The defense was very ably represented by Mr. Fred O. Lamoreux. This was Mr. Lamoreux's maiden case, and he conducted it with evidence of careful preparation, and thorough knowledge of the facts involved.

City Hotel Arrivals.

J. R. Dwyer, San Francisco; F. O. Lamoreux, city; C. E. Burlingame, North Yakima; Charles Gore, city; E. M. Dudley, St. Paul; Chas. F. Barley, L. B. Hastings, W. I. Hastings, Chas. Packard, Judge Tyler, J. W. Jones, Port Townsend; Augus W. Young, Seattle; H. R. Coate, San Francisco; Fred McDearnott, Waterville; J. G. Barslow, Port Townsend; Mr. and Mrs. Will Church, Dungeness; C. Johnson, Seattle; F. M. Muldoon, Seattle; Chas. Allen, Jr., Portland; H. A. Moore Snohomish City; Col. Feighan, Judge Blake, Spokane; Horace White, W. C. Garfield, N. R. Smith, Chas. Bell, city; Stewart Menzroo, Townsend; Mrs Edwards, East Clallam; J. H. Runnels, W. H. Lamburt, D. O. Burk, C. Wise, Seattle.

Bank of Port Angeles makes loans to settlers to prove up with.

AT THE COUNCIL.

The Board Sits as a Board of Equalization of the First Street Assessment.

The regular session of the city council convened last Wednesday, with councilmen McInnes, Bell, Metcalfe, Thompson, Lewis, Quinn and Peterson present, and Mayor Smith in the chair.

The street committee reported favorably on the petition of the First street property owners for a sidewalk on the south side of the street between Lincoln and Vine streets.

Moved by McInnes that report of street committee favoring prayer of petitioners for bridge across gulch on Peabody street be laid on the table, and that the street committee be authorized to prepare plans and specifications for such structure. Carried.

McInnes moved that report of street committe, favorable to the prayer of petitioners for sidewalk on Oak street be adopted. Carried.

The First street grade assessment question was then taken up.

Moved by Quinn that report of special commission, consisting of street committee and city engineers, surveying First street grade assessment, be adopted. The vote carried. Quinn, Peterson, Lewis, Thompson, Metcalfe and Bell voted yes, and McInnes no.

Committee on fire, light and water submitted a report, favoring the establishment of two arc-lights, one on the corner of Cedar and Second streets, the other on the corner of Third and Tumwater streets. The report was unanimously carried.

Moved by Lewis that the matter of the establishment of the above arc lights be referred to the electric light committee for action. Carried.

The council then resolved itself into an equalization board for the consideration of the First street grade assessment.

There appearing no protests from property owners against the assessment levied, the board adjourned sen die.

Motion of Lewis that the rate of assessment, as levied by the city clerk, on First street grade, in accordance with the amount of benefits received by contiguous property, be established at 0.658 mills.

Moved that the motion adopting the report of the street committee, that reported favorably on the prayer of petitioners for sidewalk on Oak street, be laid over until next meeting for reconsideration. Carried.

Very Inaccurate.

The Tribune-Times in its issue of last week, presented a statement of the expenses of the sheriff's office, nicely arranged in tabulated form, which contained about as many inaccurate items as possible.

Why should the sheriff's office be charged with the expense of baliffs, who are appointed by the court?

The Tribune-Times thus seeks to augment the expenses of that office, when it would be equally as just to charge as well to the sheriff, the salary of the courthouse janitor.

That paper also failed to state that an item of expense of something like $1,700 incurred in the case of the State vs. Jas. Wood, had been refunded by the state. Nor did it state the circumstances under which many deputies and guards were appointed, which, it is well to add, was done in obedience to the orders of the prosecuting attorney.

In this connection the inquiry might be asked, is it lawful for the sheriff to refuse to appoint a deputy to serve a summons, subpoena, or other important papers, when so ordered by the court upon the request of any attorney in the case? The Tribune-Times may have some law which would authorize such a refusal, but certainly the statute of Washington contains none.

Judge McClinton, W. R. Hoole and Will R. Gay, in speeches delivered recently at Dungeness, said, in regard to the sheriff's office, that that officer could no more control the expenses of his office than could any one of their hearers.

It would at least have been just, if not kind to have published the fees received by the sheriff, to offset the debits of his office, in which case, his office would make a showing with which any taxpayer in the county would be satisfied.

Real Estate Transfers.

Following is the list of transfers as furnished by The Clallam County for the week ending October 7, Abstract and Trust Co:

B H Burgess to C P Wright, lots 6 and 7, blk 1, townsite of Clal	$ 200
M L Haines to G H Randall, lots 10 and 11, blk 17, N R Smith sub div	2000
J L Lewis to J Stickle, lots 4 and 5 blk 3, Lincoln Park add	400
A H Morgan to Mrs M E Day, lots 3 and 4. blk 8, Brooklin add	100
T Malony to Farmers Mercantile Co, lots 13 and 14, blk 22, Dungeness	3000
W E Van Allen to C B Brown, lot 2, sec 25, W ½ of N W ¼ and N W ¼ of S W ¼ sec 27, tp 31, N R 9 west	3000
F D Congden to F D Finn, lot 9 sec 15, tp 28, R 14	250

A Miniature Park.

The already attractive quarters of the board of trade are being made more inviting by transforming the area at the rear into a miniature park, with a lawn, surrounded by a high wall, the upper portion of which is neatly finished with lattice work.

Around the park has been placed comfortable seats. Flower beds are being laid out, and ornimental plants and shrubery set out, and other features of art and nature will be added, that will contribute to the attractiveness of the park.

The excellent taste displayed in laying out this little garden, reflects most favorably to the credit of the management of the board of trade. It will, indeed, be refreshing to strangers while in the city, to have the freedom of so delightful a spot, affording as well a splendid view of the harbor and mountain scenery in the distance beyond. A boat house will be built, and boats provided for the convenience and pleasure of visitors.

Baking Powder War.

The envy shown by the other baking powder manufacturersof the great prestige of the Royal Baking Powder is not at all surprising.

For thirty years the Royal has been the standard for purity and strength in baking powders, and has been placed at the head by every board of official examiners—whether State or National.

The Royal Baking Powder Company controls its own cream of tartar factory and the processes for making the only chemically pure cream of tartar. It sends its product to millions of homes all over the world, supplies the Army and Navy, the great transatlantic steamers, the finest hotels and restaurants, and is recommended by the best "chefs" and authorities on cruisine in every land. Its sale is larger than that of all other cream of tartar baking powders combined, it has more friends among housekeepers than any other similar article.

Thes facts are doubtless bitterness to the makers of inferior baking powders.

Presentation Ball.

The ladies of the World's Fair Club have decided to give one of their very popular and enjoyable dances at the opera house Thursday evening, the 13th inst., on which occasion the picture, which is now on exhibition in Meagher's show window, will be given to the person who is the lucky holder of the ball ticket, whose number corresponds with the first one drawn. Tickets will be on sale Satday morning at Meagher's store.

WANTED—A good housekeeper, to keep house and take care of children. Apply at city treasurer's office in opera house building.

Remember that Harvey sells nothing but the freshest of groceries, and is the cheapest house in town.

James Hamilton Lewis.

One of the best and most popular cigars in the state is the James Hamilton Lewis. This cigar is, as it should be, an especial favorite with Democrats, who are loyal to their great state leader, and coming governor. Raymond Bros., have the agency for this city for this splendid cigar.

A First-Class Loan Company.

The Mason Mortgage Loan Company of Tacoma are prepared to place loans in Clallam county. This is a home concern and liberal in all its terms. For information call on Thos. Malony, who is their agent for Clallam county

Marriage Experiences.

It was the lot of a young parson to be embarrassed by the appeals of two young women who wanted to marry the same bridegroom. The first comer of these had scarcely told how her faithless lover had actually put up the banns in the East End parish when the delinquent turned up with an idiotic grin on his face and a gayly appareled young woman on his arm. What could the parson—then a young and bashful curate—do but invite the trio into the vestry room, there to discuss the business. Luckily for him, it speedily leaked out that there had been no legal residence in his parish, which afforded him at once a sufficient ground for declining to perform the ceremony.

On another occasion the awful discovery was made that the bride had by accident been described in the marriage license by her pet name. It was suggested that an affidavit of identity sworn at a neighboring police court might repair the blunder. This was done just in time to complete the ceremony within canonical hours, but the accommodating clergyman afterward received a stern admonishment from high quarters "not to do it again."—Cornhill Magazine.

The Care of Brushes.

Do not neglect your paint brushes. Dip them in an old can containing benzine, kerosene or turpentine, then wash thoroughly with soap and hot water. Pearline is even better than soap; it removes the color rapidly and does not injure the bristles if they are well rinsed in clear water afterward. Put your brushes in a jar, handles down, and leave them to dry. One of the oddest sights in an artist's studio is the number of brushes disposed in various artistic bits of pottery in nooks and corners.

Some painters pride themselves on owning many hundreds of brushes of every possible style and size. Handsome brushes are ruined if left dirty; it makes the hairs come out, but the large brushes used in common work will not be injured by being left in water over night if you intend to use them for the same colors next day.

Burn your paint rags when you have done with them. Oily rags are very inflammable and sometimes take fire spontaneously when left in a heap in some corner.—Harper's Young People.

King Humbert's Stables.

The stables of King Humbert of Italy are exceptionally fine, and contain at present nearly 150 horses, chiefly English bred. The double row of stalls forms a regular street, so beautifully kept that it is a pleasure to walk through it, and each animal has his name printed in large letters on a little board above the manger. Among the English horses may be noticed such names as Flirt, Milord, Lawn Tennis, Epsom and Gentleman.

Up stairs are the state carriages and those used on special occasions. Some of these are magnificently upholstered in white satin. The carriage in which the queen drives every day is very plain, but this simplicity is counteracted by the brilliant scarlet liveries of her coachman and footmen.—London Tit-Bits.

Business Locals.

Fisher's Pharmacy the 'Old reliable.'

Canned tomatoes 10 cents at Harveys'.

Say! have you tried a sack of Del Monte flour at Harvey's?

The tariff and a large slice of the profits are off all goods at Harvey's.

If you want the very best of everything, go to Fisher's Pharmacy.

FARM LOANS, OPTION PLAN.
J. E. BEAM.

Money to Loan on Improved Farms on the OPTION plan.
E. BEAM, Port Angeles, Wash.

Try one pound of Harvey's favorite brand of Mocha and Java coffee and you will use no other.

First class domestic and imported liquors at bed rock prices at the Old Crow, George E. Fisher, proprietor.

When you want a sack of flour, don't forget that the Del Monte is the best, and there is no duty on it at Harvey's.

If you have a few dollars to spend for groceries, you can save from ten to twenty-five per cent by buying at Harvey's.

Fisher's pharmacy has the most complete stock of fishing tackle ever brought to Angeles.

Cheap stoves, pumps, bath-tubs sinks etc. W. Banks, at Martin's sash factory.

The Port Angeles Steam Laundry makes a specialty of doing up collars and cuffs.

Patronize white labor and take your washing to the Port Angeles Steam Laundry.

Family washing at the Port Angeles Steam Laundry for from 25 to 50 cents per dozen for plain work.

Elegantly furnished rooms at George E. Fishers' Old Crow. Open day and night. A convenience for Hermosa passengers.

George E. Fisher has on hand a fine stock of imported liquors direct from the Hudson Bay company.

Call for a ham or swiss cheese sandwich when you inbibe in a glass of sparkling lager at the Old Crow.

Take home once in a while a few bottles of cold St. Louis Lager for your family.—Geo. E. Fisher's. Prescription

Garden Hose, Garden Hose, Garden Hose. Largest consignment just received at Banks, next door to DEMOCRAT office.

Messrs. Bradford & Co., have leased the plant of the Port Angeles Steam Laundry and are prepared to do first class work. Patronage from out of town is solicited and all such orders will meet with prompt attention.

Geo. E. Fisher of the Old Crow, has always on hand, the best brands of cigars, such as "Lillies' Cuban Blossom," "Flor de Madrid," Olympian," "Rio Columbia" and other assortments.

Smoke Our Candidate cigar. The best in town. At Pendergast's.

A perfect fit guaranteed in gent's clothing at the New York Clothing House.

A large fall stock of gent's women's and children's boots and shoes just received at the New York Clothing House.

Boots and shoes at The New York Clothing House.

Buy your clothing at The New Clothing and get the advantages.

Take advantage of the 20 per cent. discount on Men's, boys, and children's clothing at the New York Clothing House.

Take advantage of the cut in prices in men's, boys and children's clothing at the New York Clothing House.

The New York Clothing House has the only exclusive gent's furnishing establishment in town. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Gentlemen's suits made to order at the New York Clothing House. From $20 up. A perfect fit guaranteed.

A 20 per cent discount on men's, boys and children's clothing at the New York Clothing House.

An elegant stock of gent's neckwear at the New York Clothing house.

Perfect fit in Clothing at The New York Clothing House.

Examine the large stock of gent's clothing. At the New York Clothing house.

Only the very best brands of wines and liquors kept on hand at the Missouri Oak.

The very best family wines and liquors at the Missouri Oak.

If you want a superior brand of wine, whiskey or brandy. go to the Missouri Oak.

The very best liquors, wines and cigars at the Missouri Oak.

SUBSCRIBE
FOR
THE DEMOCRAT.

FOR FINE JOB PRINTING
—GO TO—
THE
DEMOCRAT.

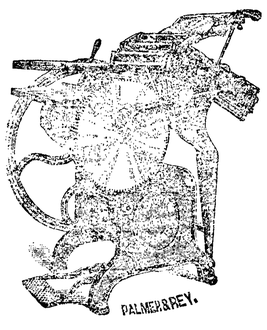
IF YOU WANT A TIMBER CLAIM
If you want a Ranch,
If you want to be Located on Government Lands,
If you want City Property in the Gem City,
East Clallam, Washington
—APPLY TO THE—
EAST CLALLAM REAL ESTATE CO.
Correspondence Solicited.
MARLETTE & EDWARDS.
EAST CLALLAM, - - - - WASH.

L. ROCKMAN,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
CIGARS TOBACCO CIGARETTES, PIPES AND SMOKERS' ARTICLES.
AGENTS FOR
The Lion and Imperial Fire Insurance Cos. of London.

The First National Bank
—OF—
PORT ANGELES.
Capital - - - - - $50,000
W. W. GRAY, President.
D. W. MORSE, Vice-President,
C. P. BROWN, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
F. M. Wade, D. W. Morse, W. W. Gray, David Gilmore, Lewis Levy, Frank Chambers, Sr.

A FINISHED WORKMAN.
F. SCHULER,
MERCHANT TAILOR.
INSTRUCTIONS IN FIRST-CLASS tailoring establishments, and years of experience in the business justifies me in guaranteeing a perfect fit.
THE LATEST PATTERNS IN SUITING ALWAYS IN STOCK.
Front Street - Port Angeles, Wash.

We Keep on hand a Complete Stock of Fine Stationery.



and all kinds of Legal Blanks
The
DEMOCRT.

LEGAL NOTICES.

County Road Notice.

We, the Undersigned, residing in the vicinity through which the following described proposed road will run, hereby **give notice to** all persons concerned, that at the next term of the Board of County Commissioners of Clallam county, we will petition said board for a county road in said county, having its points of beginning and termination, course and intermediate points, as follows:

Commencing at the residence of J. P. Austin in the NW ¼ of SW ¼ of Sec. 26, Twp. 29 North, Range 13 West; thence northerly through sections 21 and 16, and ending at the proposed county road in the center of the SW¼ of sec. 16, Twp. 29 North, Range 13, West.

Dated the 20th day of August, A. D., 1892.
J. P. AUSTIN, and 11 others.
Date of first publication, Aug. 26, 1892.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN THE Superior court of the State of Washington, for the county of Clallam.

Mary Ann Morse, Plaintiff,
vs. No. 305.
William C. Williams, Mary J. Williams, T. J. Williams, defendants.

Under and by virtue of a decree of judgment in foreclosure of mortgage, order of sale and special execution, issued out of the above named court, in the above entitled cause, and to me directed and delivered, I have duly levied upon as the property of the said defendants, the following described real estate, situate in the county of Clallam, state of Washington, described as follows, to-wit:

All of lots three, 3, and four, 4, of section five, 5, in township thirty, 30, north of range five, 5, west of the Willamette meridian, also the east one-half (E ½) of the northwest quarter (¼) and the northwest quarter, ¼, of the northwest quarter, ¼, of section eight, 8, township thirty (30) north of range five (5) west of the Willamette meridian, against William C. Williams, Mary J. Williams, T. J. Williams,

Together with all and singular the tenements, appurtenances and hereditaments thereunto belonging or in any way appertaining. Therefore notice is hereby given that on

Saturday, the 29th day of October, 1892,

at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the north front door of the court house in Port Angeles, county of Clallam, state of Washington, I will sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the judgment in said case with interests costs and attorney's fees, as stated in said execution, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder.

Dated the 30th day of September, 1892.
William B. Gould
Sheriff of Clallam county, Wash.
W. W. Dedman, Deputy.
Date of first publication, Sept. 33, 1892.

Summons for Publication.

IN the Superior Court of the State of Washington for the county of Clallam.

Marius Brandt and Albert Winge, Plaintiff
vs. No. 517.
A. S. Going, Harriet Going, his wife, Arthur W. Jones, George A. Cooper, Jennie Cooper, his wife, George Brown, George W. Frye, J. C. Newbury, Edward E. Blackwood, Eliza J. Blackwood, his wife, S. Jones Jr., James O'Neill, Lee Mongkowe, John Puckett, George T Parks, Louis McLellan, William Sharp, Defendants.

The State of Washington to the above named defendants.

You are hereby notified that Marius Brandt and Albert Winge plaintiffs, have filed a complaint against you in the Superior Court of Clallam County, holding court at Port Angeles, State of Washington, which will come on to be heard sixty days after the first publication of this Summons, to-wit: Sixty days after the 2nd day of September, 1892, and unless you appear and answer the same on or before the 2d day of November, 1892, the same will be taken as confessed, and the prayer of said complaint granted.

The object and prayer of said complain is to recover judgment upon two promissory notes aggregating $1788.00 with interest, made and delivered by A. S. Going defendant to plaintiff Marius Brandt and foreclose a vendor's mortgage given to secure said notes by defendant to plaintiff upon the following described real estate, to-wit:

Southwest quarter of the northwest quarter, west half of southwest quarter and southeast quarter of the southwest quarter all in section five, township thirty, north of range eight west, situated in Clallam County, Washington.

Witness my hand and the Seal of said Superior court, affixed this 31st day of August A. D. 1892
{SEAL}
WILLIAM K. CLARK.
Clerk.
By FRAN P. FISHER.
Deputy Clerk
Carlisle & Langland, attorneys for Plaintiff.
Date of first publication, September 2, 1892.

Sheriff's Sale.

IN THE Superior court of the state of Washington, for the county of Clallam.

Julius Kirchberg, Plaintiff.
VS. NO. 269.
J. S. Bowker, Jr., Defendants.

—NOTICE—

Under and by virtue of a decree of judgment, in foreclosure of mortgage, order of sale and special execution, issued out of the above named court, in the above entitled cause, and to me directed and delivered, I have duly levied upon as the property of the said defendant, the following described real estate, situate in the county of Clallam, State of Washington, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

The seven-twelths [7 12] undevided interest of the defendant J. S. Bowker, Jr., in the south-half of the northeast quarter of section twenty-two [22] in township thirty [30] north of range six, 6, west of the Willamette meridan, containing eighty acres of land in all, and the said seven-twelths of defendant being his undevided interest therein containing forty-six and two-thirds, 46⅔, acres together with all and singular the tenements, appurtenances and hereditaments thereunto belonging or in anyway appertaining: Therefore notice is hereby given, that on

Saturday, the 29th day of October, 1892.

at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the North front door of the Court House, in Port Angeles, Clallam county State of Washington, I will sell the above described real estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the judgment in said case with interest costs and attorney fees as stated in said execution, at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder.

Dated the 30th day of September, 1892.
WILLIAM B. GOULD,
Sheriff of Clallam Co., Wash.
By W. W. DEDMAN, deputy.
Date of first publication September 30, 1892.

WARRANTS — For highest price for city or county warrants, call on
THOS MALONY.

DIRECTORIES.

Public Officers.

Governor,	E. P. Ferry.
Lieutenant Governor,	C. E. Laughton.
Secretary of State	Allen Weir.
Treasurer,	A. A. Linsley.
Audito,	T. M. Reed.
Attorney General	W. C. Jones.
Supt. Public Instruction.	R. B. Bryan.
Commissioner Public Lands,	W. T. Forrest.
Senators,	Watson C. Squire, and J. B. Allen
Congressman,	John L. Wilson.
State Senator,	F. W. Hastings.
Judges Supreme Court	R. O Dunbar, T C. Stiles, J. P. Hoyt. T. J Anders. E. Scott.
Land Officers-Seattle Dist	T. M. Reed, jr., Register. C. J Ogden, Receiver.

County Officers.

Representative,	Smith Troy
Superir Judge,	J. G. McClinton
Commissioners,	W W Gray, P. Davis, John Gordon.
Clerk,	Wm. K. Clark
Sheriff,	Wm. B. Gould.
Assessor,	Thos. Knoph.
Auditor,	R. John Baker.
Attorney,	Geo. V. Smith.
Treasurer,	Warren K. Lodge.
Surveyor,	Wartiner E. Smith.
Attorney,	Dr. W. W. McGeorge
Justices of the Peace	Jno. M. Grant.
Port Angeles Pre.	Louis Williams.
Constables Port Angeles Precinct,	Thos. McDonald, W. D. Stivers.

City Officers.

Councilmen.	D. McInnes, J. M. Bell. F. S. Lewis, F. R. Thompson William Peterson D. P. Grimm Edward Metcalfe.
Mayor,	Norman R. Smith
Clerk,	C. K. Humphries
Treasurer,	P. F. Kiernan.
Marshal,	F. A. Mengher.
Attorney,	Geo. C. Hatch.
Engineer,	
Police Judge.	S. P. Carusi.
Street Commissioner.	Charles Fillman

LODGES.

ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR.—Meets on the second and fourth Saturdays of each month at Masonic Hall. All members of the order invited to attend.
WALLACE MYNATT, Secretary.
MRS. P. ARMBRUST, Acting Worty Matron

A. F. & A. M.—Port Angeles Lodge, meets every Second and fourth Tuedays of each month in Masonic Hall, Colony Building
W. BRUMFIELD, W. M.
WALLACE MYNATT, Secretary.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—Gate City Lodge, No. 65, meets every Wednesday evening at Masonic Hall. Visiting Knights are cordially invited to attend. L. R. COLE, C. C.
G. W. MEAGHER, K. of R. and S.

G. A. R. - Pacific Post No. 48. meets every first and third Friday of each month, at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. All comrades in good standing cordially invited. C. M. ARMBRUST, P. C.
HUGH I. MORRISON, Adjutant

PACIFIC WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS—No. 21, auxiliary to the G. A. R., meets every first and third Saturday of each month at Masonic Hall, at 2:30 p. m. MRS. C. M. ARMBRUST, President.
MISS BABCOCK Sec.

FUCA ENCAMPMENT, NO. 19, I. O. O. F.—Port Angeles, Wash., meets first and third Saturday of each month at Masonic Hall. All visiting brothers are cordially invited to be with us. J. W. STEWART, C. P.
Attest: A. N. TAYLOR, Scribe.

I. O. O. F.—Home Lodge No. 82. meets every Monday at 7:30 p. m at McDonalds Hall.
W. ADAMS, N. G.
L. D. STEWART, Cor. Sec

I. O. R. M.—Clallam Tribe, No. 4; meets every Monday evening at 7:30 p. m., in Masonic hall; visiting Redmen are invited to attend.
S. P. Carusi, Chief of Records. W. T. Dyke, Sachem.

I. O. O. F.—Clallam Lodge No 72, meets every Thursday evening at 7:30, at Hall in Colony Building. A. N. TAYLOR, N. G.
S. A. HALL, Secretary.

I. O. G. T.—Angeles Lodge No. 27, meets every Friday evening at 7:30, at McDonald's Hall.
WM. REX, C. T.
ROY MCCLINTON, Secretary.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR—Port Angeles Lodge, Local Assembly No. 2696, meets every Tuesday at 7:30 p. m., at McDonald's Hall.
E. E. SEEVERS, W. M.
—BURNS, Secretary.

CARPENTERS' UNION No. 260—Meets every Tuesday at L. Henderson's, Second and Pine streets, 7:30 p. m. D. R. CALLS, R. S.
L. HENDERSON, Pres.

CALEDONIAN CLUB—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7:30, at McInnes & Campbell's office over First National Bank.
WM. RITCHIE, Chieftan.
W. K. CLARK, Secretary.

CHURCHES.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Rev. J. M. Baxter pastor. Services every Sunday in church on First street at 10:30 a. m, and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school immediately after morning service Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30 All are welcome.

GERMAN LUTHERAN—Rev. Hansen, pastor. Services first Sunday in each month at the Congregational church at 2:30 p. m.

CATHOLIC Services at 10:30 a. m. every Sunday, corner Second and Laurel streets. Rev Father Faber, Pastor. All are invited to attend.

HE FOUND FATHER'S BODY.

Though He Had Laid in a Nameless Grave for Many Years.

"Now this is a true story," said a gentleman whose office is a door or two off upper Broadway, "and the question is, was it fate, psychic attraction, an overruling Providence or—but I'll tell you the incident.

"When the war broke out my brother and a classmate of his, to whom he was much attached, both enlisted at the same time and departed for the south, leaving behind in the little town in western New York their young wives, to whom they had been married but a short time. My brother's chum, whom we may call Ned Brown for convenience, had, I think, been a husband but six weeks when he left for the front. Brother Jack was soon after transferred to the adjutant general's department, so saw little of active service, and Ned was in the division of the army which remained in the vicinity of Washington for about a year. Then came the Battle of the Wilderness and with it the startling intelligence to Jack that Ned had been mortally wounded and had sent for him. He made all haste to the side of his friend, who soon after his arrival died in his arms.

"As was usual after great battles, the dead were buried, many together, in large trenches, and my brother was much troubled over the probability of there being no means of locating or identifying the body, when, as he felt sure, the family would wish to send for it. There had been a little son born to the young soldier in that far away village by the lake, and he felt that the child, who had never looked upon his father's face, would one day want to know at least where his body lay.

"The men in charge assured Jack that the body should be placed at the head of the trench, and if any mark could be left upon it it would be easily found. For some time my brother wondered what he could do. Then an idea struck him. He found a bottle, and placing inside of it a paper upon which was written the name and regiment of his friend, he tied it about the neck of the corpse.

"Some time afterward when friends of the dead soldier came for the body other trenches had been dug near the first, and it was impossible to identify the spot, though the grief stricken widow could scarcely be prevailed upon to give up the search.

"Well, just the other day a young commercial drummer from a Rochester house found himself in the quiet town of Petersburg, Va., and to pass away a dull Sunday went out to the soldiers' burying ground. After he had wandered around for a time among the green mounds he suddenly saw painted upon a wooden slab a name that made his heart leap.

"It was his father's name. And this was Jack's boy, the boy the brave young soldier had so longed to see. Years ago, when the bodies were removed from the old trenches and reburied, the bottle with its bit of paper had been the means of identifying one at least.

"That night there flashed over the wires this message to the soldier's widow, 'I shall bring home father's body with me next week.'"—New York World.

Jewish Vacations.

Of the Jewish vacations there are, first, the Sabbatical institutions of the Old Testament, viz., the weekly Sabbath, the seventh new moon or Feast of trumpets, the Sabbatical year and the year of jubilee. Besides these there were the great feasts, Passover, Pentecost and Tabernacles, together with the two of later times—Purim and that of the Dedication. The time spent in these observances required frequent and in some cases protracted suspension of labor.

To the Jews living in the remote districts of Palestine, particularly the pilgrimages to and from Jerusalem, together with the time spent in the actual celebration of the feasts, which in the case of the Passover and Tabernacles was each eight days, meant an amount of migratory recreation and rest from the ordinary occupations of life year by year greater proportionately than that obtained in the vacation of these days.—New York Independent.

The Artist and His Kaleidoscope.

The kaleidoscope is of wonderful assistance in geometrical drawing, and people who suppose that this little toy is of no use will probably be surprised to learn that the greatest portion of the geometrical designs employed in art and architecture are copied by the artist from the figures produced by the kaleidoscope. The instruments employed are somewhat larger than the toys sold in the shops, and some of them are fastened upon stands in such a way as will enable the draftsman to retain his instrument in the same position for a considerable length of time, and thus give him an opportunity to make copies of the figures produced.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Heathen Men of Mashoupa.

Mashoupa was once the residence of a missionary, but the church is now abandoned and falling into ruins, because when asked to repair the edifice at their own expense the men of Mashoupa waxed wroth, and replied irreverently that God might repair his own house, and one old man who received a blanket for his reward for attending divine service is reported to have remarked when the dole was stopped, "No more blanket, no more hallelujah." I fear me the men of Mashoupa are wedded to heathendom.—Fortnightly Review

Without Bone.

A funny mistake occurred lately in printing labels for a meat preserving company. The printer had been in the habit of labeling tins of beef or mutton, as the case might be, with the words "without bone" prominently displayed. The company having added kidney soup to its list, the new article was duly ticketed as "Kidney soup—without bone."—London Tit-Bits.

Tuberculosis in Rats.

For seven years I have been making almost daily experiments upon the internal organs of dead animals in order to increase my knowledge of comparative pathology. The postmortem examinations were made for the most part at the Lamparter Glue works, in the suburbs of Lancaster, Pa. Here of course were the bodies of large numbers of animals which afforded me an abundant supply of subjects for examination. The vicinity of the works swarmed with rats. Many of those, the workmen told me, sickened and died from time to time, and I became curious to know something about the disease that carried so many of the rodents off.

I could find next to nothing about the rat in books, so the thought growing upon me that the disease so fatal to the rat might be made dangerous to the rat's nearest neighbor, man himself, I undertook a series of experiments. My first rat subject was a sick one which I captured in the yard of the glue works without any exertion. The animal crawled about, made no effort to escape from me and when picked up offered no resistance. Its appearance indicated that it was dying of general debility. Its body was greatly emaciated. Its back was arched and its face bore an expression of distress. It refused food, was racked with a constant cough and in a few hours after being captured was found dead in the comfortable prison in which I had placed it.

My next subject was a healthier and more active rat. I caught him only to mark him and then gave him his freedom. He came into the yard regularly for his rations of flesh from various animals, but gradually showed the same symptoms that marked the condition of my first subject, and in fourteen days after capture he, too, was dead. The postmortem examination of these two cases developed the fact that the lungs were badly diseased. Tuberculosis had destroyed the right lung of each and only a part of the left remained.—Dr. S. E. Weber's Lecture.

Changes in an English School.

In 1824 Mr. Milnes Gaskell writes from Eton that an upper boy "got spurs and rode some of us (lower boys) over a leap positively impossible to be leaped over with a person on your back, and every time (which is every time) we cannot accomplish it he spurs us rideally, and my thigh is quite sore with the inroads made by those dreadful spurs; my new coat is completely ruined." In the next year Ashley minor, a son of Lord Shaftesbury, died in consequence of a fight which lasted two hours and a quarter on the same evening. The quarrel originated about a seat in the upper school.

Dr. Keate spoke about the sad event to the school three days later: he blamed the boys for letting the fight go on so long, but was not to be "seduced into any namby pamby peace-at-any-price sentimentalism." He said: "Not that I object to all fighting in itself; on the contrary, I like to see a boy return a blow." Such a state of things has fortunately entirely disappeared; a clergyman, a head master, a doctor of divinity, however much he might feel that the meek acceptance of injuries was not the sign of a keen and generous character, yet would now hesitate to mark fighting with his approval before an audience of boys whom he was bound by statute to instruct in Christian principles.—National Review.

How His Heart Was Won.

When Colonel Van Wyck was running for congress many years ago in the Fifteenth New York district, there was a certain Irishman who steadfastly refused to give the old soldier any encouragement. The colonel was greatly surprised, therefore, when Pat informed him on election day that he had concluded to support him.

"Glad to hear it, glad to hear it," said the colonel. "I rather thought you were against me, Patrick."

"Well, sir," said Patrick, "I wuz, and whin ye stud by me pigpen and talked that day fur two hours or worse ye didn't budge me a hair's breadth, sir; but after ye wuz gone away I got to thinking now ye reached yer hand over the fence and scratched the pig on the back till he laid down wid the pleasure of it, and I made up me mind that whin a rale colonel was as sociable as that I wasn't the man to vote agin him."—Nebraska State Journal.

Natural Paint.

Twenty miles from Newcastle, Northumberland county, New Brunswick, a deposit of natural paint (96 per cent. oxide of iron) has been discovered, and so pure that it does not require refining or even manufacture, since it is ready for mixing with oil in the proportion of two pounds of paint to a gallon of oil.—Exchange.

Perfecting His Italian.

Mrs. McClaugh—Is your son goin to school now, Mrs. McGooghan?

Mrs. McGooghan—No, sure, he's t'rew wid the English branches. He's perfectin his Italian now.

"Where?"

"Helpin dig a sewer down on the road beyant."—New York Weekly.

A Shrewd Investment.

The investment of £4,000,000 made by the British government in the Suez canal shares will in a year or two, according to Mr. Goschen, be worth £19,000,000, which proves it to have been an excellent stroke of business as well as of diplomacy.—New York Times.

Saving a Stamp.

Mamma—Why did you put two stamps on this letter? One would have been plenty.

Little Tommy—One of the stamps was tored, and I didn't want to waste it.—Good News.

The Earliest Lighthouses.

Fire towers at the entrances to ports were established in the earliest historic times. Bonfires were built on top of them at night.—Washington Star.

How We Feed Other Nations.

The advance statement issued from the treasury department of the exports of domestic breadstuffs from the United States for May, 1892, furnishes much interesting information. As compared with May of last year, such exports have increased to an astonishing degree, being valued at $109,956,984 in May, 1891, and $272,476,026 in 1892.

Taking these two months, we find that with the exception of barley the exports of all the breadstuffs have grown enormously. For instance, corn, $3,072,663, as against $1,431,936; oats, $473,052, as against $12,232; rye, $443,446, as against nothing; wheat, $9,642,414, as against $6,667,808, and so on. Not less interesting is it to notice which are our leading ports of export for breadstuffs. Of course New York takes the lead in this, there having been shipped from here breadstuffs to the value of $8,568,810. During the same time there were exported from the following places breadstuffs valued as follows: Baltimore, $3,103,500; Philadelphia, $2,808,917; New Orleans, $1,184,610; Boston, $1,614,631; San Francisco, $323,984; Duluth, $458,278; Newport News, Va., $325,271, and Chicago, $244,974.

These shipments from Newport News were undoubtedly to the countries south of us, which, under reciprocity treaties, are taking more of our breadstuffs than formerly. But see how Duluth, "the zenith city of the unsalted seas," looms up as a place of export for breadstuffs, beating Chicago in this respect two to one.—New York Mail and Express.

The Largest Flower Known.

In Mindinac, the farthest southeastern island in the Philippine group, upon one of its mountains, the volcanic Apo, a party of botanical and ethnographical explorers found recently, at a height of 2,500 feet above the sea level, a colossal flower. The discoverer, Dr. Alexander Schadenberg, could scarcely believe his eyes when he saw amid the low growing bushes the immense buds of this flower growing like gigantic cabbage heads But he was still more astonished when he found a specimen in full bloom, a five petaled flower nearly a yard in diameter, as large as a carriage wheel, in fact. This enormous blossom was borne on a sort of vine creeping on the ground.

The native who accompanied Dr. Schadenberg called it "bolo." The party had no scale by which the weight of the flower could be ascertained, but they improvised a swinging scale, using their boxes and specimens as weights. Weighing these when opportunity served, it was found that a single flower weighed over twenty-two pounds. It was impossible to transport the fresh flower, so the travelers photographed it and dried a number of its leaves by the heat of a fire.—Pearson's Weekly.

Why People Lose Weight in Summer.

To most persons the summer season is a time of excitement instead of quiet rest, as it should be. With the approach of warm weather most people begin to lay plans for vacations and enjoyments, and in a little while have worked themselves into a state of excited anticipation. Not only this, but they undertake excursions requiring considerable travel, either by land or water, so that during the heated term they have completely departed from the quiet paths of life trodden so steadily all the rest of the year.

Now it is a well known fact that the majority of people lose weight during the summer. This loss is generally accounted for by the smaller quantity of food consumed during warm weather, but we should say that the excitement incidental to vacations and traveling was as much responsible for it as the other. It is a question if our Indian summer, the most charming season of the year, would not make a better vacation period for the majority of people.—Boston Commercial Bulletin.

All in His Eye.

A man calling himself Dr. Henry visited the house of Mrs. F. K. Brewster, in Suffolk, Conn., on Thursday, and representing himself as the assistant of Dr. Morgan, of Boston, who had been treating her for an eye disease, announced that he was sent to perform an operation. Mrs. Brewster, who is seventy-five years of age, gave her consent. The bogus doctor said she had an abscess on the eye and he would remove it.

He produced an instrument, made two or three motions with it over the old lady's eyes and then exhibited in the palm of his hand as the removed abscess a substance which afterward proved to be beefsteak. Then he collected twenty-eight dollars from the old lady and left.—Hartford Letter.

A Glacier in California.

A glacier has been found in southern California, and now American pride ought to be satisfied. For many years tradition has told of such a phenomenon of nature, and recently an expedition was sent out to investigate the matter. The tradition was verified, for upon the levels of Greyback mountain, the greatest of the San Bernardino range, a glacier one mile long and on the average of 200 feet in depth was found. The icy mass, according to computations made, moves downward at the rate of forty-seven feet a year.—Los Angeles Herald.

Phosphate and Eggs.

A farmer of North Mahoning township, Pa., purchased some phosphate a few months ago. It was not all used and several pounds remained in a barrel, where a nest was made for a hen. The hen hatched thirteen chicks in sixteen days. Another hen was set at the same time, but it took her the usual time—three weeks—to bring out her brood.—Exchange.

A Clock on the Eiffel Tower.

The Eiffel tower is now the highest clock tower in the world. A gigantic clock has been placed on its second platform, and scientists daily and hourly take observations on the motion of the pendulum, it being their idea that the revolution of the earth on its axis may be visibly demonstrated by the experiment.—Paris Letter.

ANOTHER COPPER TRUST.

Producers Have Agreed to Restrict Production After July 1.

The New York Daily Commercial Bulletin of June 16 says: "After a long period of negotiation the producers of copper in Europe and the United States have arrived at an agreement to restrict production after July 1 next. The American producers have agreed to restrict their exports of copper to Europe, in consideration for which the Spanish producers have pledged themselves to cut down their production 5 per cent. The object of this agreement is of course to bring about a higher level of prices."

Whether or not the producers can successfully hold together to put prices back where they were during the existence of the great copper combine in 1888-9, it is certain that there has been left for them a duty of 1¼ cents per pound, which was about all McKinley could do to invite another copper trust to repeat the outrage perpetrated in 1889 upon the American people. It will be remembered that in 1889 the copper trust sold American copper so much cheaper in Europe that it was reimported and sold at a profit here after paying a duty of four cents per pound, and from April to August, 1889, the foreign price never exceeded eight cents and the domestic price was never less than twelve cents. But for the duty no such difference could have existed and the effects of the French syndicate upon our industries would have been as slight as they were upon European industries.

The effect of high prices for raw materials of any kind is farreaching and disastrous. How the consumers of copper were affected by the high prices of 1888 is described by James Powell, president of the Union Brass company, of Cincinnati, in The Engineering and Mining Journal of Jan. 19, 1889:

"When the syndicate began brass workers all over the country were fully employed at good wages, and while the demand for goods may not have been kept up at all times with the same vigor, yet the price of the raw material was such as to afford a living profit to the copper producer only.

"The consumption of brass goods for steam, water and gas has fallen off from 25 to 40 per cent., with no immediate prospect of an improvement. The manipulations of the combine have been the most disastrous calamity for the general copper consuming industries of this country that has ever befallen them."

As evidence that the American end of this "agreement" is made in good faith, it is reported from Marquette, Mich., that a general strike is imminent at the great Calumet and Hecla copper mine. The company instead of acknowledging openly that they intend to restrict production by closing the mine, announce that they will discharge all employees who are members of the Knights of Labor or of any other labor organization. They know that this will not only precipitate a long struggle that will restrict production, but it will give them an opportunity to utilize cheap "scab" labor when they are ready to resume operations, and perhaps to starve some of the strikers into accepting lower wages.

Henry George on Indirect Taxation.

In Henry George's "Protection or Free Trade," which is just now being extensively circulated by members of congress, the author thus clearly shows how oppressively indirect taxes—and especially tariff taxes—bear upon the poor, while the rich almost entirely escape: "A still more important objection to indirect taxation is that when imposed on articles of general use (and it is only from such articles that large revenues can be had) it bears with far greater weight on the poor than on the rich. Since such taxation falls on people not according to what they have but according to what they consume, it is the heaviest on those whose consumption is largest in proportion to their means.

"As much sugar is needed to sweeten a cup of tea for a working girl as for the richest lady in the land, but the proportion of their means which a tax on sugar compels each to contribute to the government in the case of the one is much greater than in the case of the other. So it is with all taxes that increase the cost of articles of general consumption. They bear far more heavily on married men than on bachelors; on those who have children than on those who have none; on those barely able to support their families than on those whose incomes leave them a large surplus.

"If the millionaire chooses to live closely he need pay no more of these indirect taxes than the mechanic. I have known at least two millionaires—possessed not of one, but of from six to ten millions each—who paid little more of such taxes than ordinary day laborers."

The Enormity of Tariff Taxation.

I repeat what I have said before, that the people of this country never waked up to the enormity of the tariff taxation proposed by the Republican party until the McKinley bill was put before them and explained section by section. Mr. McKinley for the first time put in cold type the meaning of his party from the beginning, and that was to exclude from this country all products which came in competition with anything raised or produced in the United States, to build a Chinese wall around this country commercially, to decrease imports (as I shall show before the conclusion of my remarks they have done), to increase the free list upon tropical fruits and luxuries and the little frills of commerce, but upon the absolute necessaries of life, whether in clothing or in food, to exclude them from this country in order, as the senator from Vermont (Mr. Morrill), the father of the tariff in this country, has declared, to make a market for the agriculturists at home and not abroad. I shall have something to say about that before I conclude, when I touch upon this new humbug of reciprocity, which day by day is being developed, and which I hope the senator from Maine will have a chance to discuss in every township in this country, as he threatened he would do some months ago.—Senator Vest.

The Lady Was Not the Ghost.

An Irish family once had a ghost so troublesome that they sent for detectives. One of these men late at night fell asleep in his chair. The lady of the house chanced to come into the room and could not resist the temptation to groan and rattle her keys. She had never played ghost before; it was a momentary indiscretion. But the policeman did not, and could hardly be expected to, believe this. He said it was hardly worth while to bring him from Dublin, and he withdrew in dudgeon. Yet the lady was not really the ghost. He was sulking in retirement. Hence doubt has been cast on the ghosts of haunted houses, even among reflecting minds.—London Illustrated News.

Eclipses Every Day on Jupiter.

Eclipses are everyday affairs on Jupiter. Three of its satellites are eclipsed at every revolution of that mighty globe, so that a spectator there might witness during the Jovian year 4,500 eclipses of moons and about the same number of eclipses of the sun by moons.—Providence Journal.

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